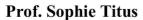
Exploring Aggression in Basketball Players: A Comparative Study Between High Altitude Male and Female Athletes

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Abstract

The objectives of the present study were to evaluate the levels and manifestations of aggression in high-altitude sports environments. Another objective was to investigate potential differences in aggression between male and female athletes in similar competitive settings & explore the psychological and physiological factors that may mediate aggression levels, considering the unique challenges of high-altitude living. To fulfill the objectives of the study for significant outcomes the study were proposed for data collection at Kumaun region of Kumaun University affiliated colleges of Uttrakhand. After due consideration, of all the points, a purposive sampling technique was employed. 50 males' and 50 females' Intercollegiate level players of basketball residing at high altitude in Uttrakhand State were selected, purposely for this study. The Sports Aggression Inventory, developed and standardized by Prof. Anand Kumar Shrivastava and Prem Shankar Shukla, was used to gauge the study subjects' level of sports Aggression. There is a Significant Difference Found between male and female basketball players residing in high altitudes of Uttarakhand concerning their aggression. By integrating findings from these areas of research, it becomes plausible to argue that there could indeed be a significant difference in aggression between male and female basketball players residing in high altitudes of Uttarakhand, given the interplay of physiological, psychological, and socio-cultural factors.

Keywords: Aggression, altitude, high altitude, Low Altitude.

Introduction

Aggression in sports, particularly in basketball, has been a subject of keen interest among researchers and sports psychologists. It encompasses various aspects of competitive behavior, ranging from assertiveness and determination

to more confrontational or hostile expressions. While aggression is often associated with male athletes, the dynamics of aggression among female athletes are equally significant and warrant deeper exploration. This study focuses on investigating aggression among basketball players, specifically comparing male and female athletes residing in high altitude environments. High altitude poses unique physiological challenges, including reduced oxygen levels, which can influence athletes' physical performance and psychological Understanding how these environmental factors intersect with gender differences in aggression can provide valuable insights into sports psychology and performance optimization. The rationale behind this study lies in the potential interplay between environmental stressors, gender-specific responses, and their impact on aggression levels in athletes. Previous research has shown that altitude can affect mood, stress levels, and cognitive functions. However, limited studies have directly examined how these factors relate to aggression in a sports context, especially with a focus on gender comparisons.

Objectives of the Study:-

By conducting a comparative analysis between male and female basketball players, this research aims to:

- 1. Evaluate the levels and manifestations of aggression in high-altitude sports environments.
- 2. Investigate potential differences in aggression between male and female athletes in similar competitive settings.
- 3. Explore the psychological and physiological factors that may mediate aggression levels, considering the unique challenges of high-altitude living.

Research Implications:-

The findings from this study could have implications for sports training, coaching strategies, and athlete well-being. By understanding the nuanced relationship between gender, altitude, and aggression in sports, stakeholders can

develop tailored interventions to support athletes' mental and emotional resilience while enhancing their competitive performance.

Methodology

To fulfill the objectives of the study for significant outcomes the study were proposed for data collection at Kumaun region of Kumaun University affiliated colleges of Uttrakhand. After due consideration, of all the points, a purposive sampling technique was employed. 50 males' and 50 females' Intercollegiate level players of basketball residing at high altitude in Uttrakhand State were selected, purposely for this study. These 100 subjects Male and Female Basketball players of Kumaun University affiliated colleges of Uttrakhand were age ranged between 17 to 25 years. Since, age was very important factor in this study therefore maximum care should be taken to record correct age of the subjects. The date of birth were noted from the institutional records which was maintained with the help of documentary proof of one's date of birth when an individual enters the first educational Institution. Random checking of the ages of the subjects was also being carried out with the help from birth certificates. Doubtful cases were excluded from the study. The ages of the subjects was calculated from the date of birth and date of survey. The Sports Aggression Inventory, developed and standardized by Prof. Anand Kumar Shrivastava and Prem Shankar Shukla, was used to gauge the study subjects' level of sports Aggression.

Results & Findings
Table No.1:- Descriptive Table of Male & Female basketball players
residing in high altitude of Uttrakhand in relation to their Aggression

GROUPS	N	MEAN	S.D	S.E
Male	50	11.52	2.90	0.410
Female	50	9.88	3.08	0.435

It is evident, from table-1 that Mean Score of Male & Female basketball players residing in high altitude of Uttrakhand in relation to their Aggression are

11.52 & 9.88; standard deviation scores are 2.90 & 3.08 and Standard error scores are 0.410 & 0.435 respectively.

The Mean Score of Male & Female basketball players residing in high altitude of Uttrakhand in relation to their Aggression are presented graphically in Figure-1.

Figure No. 1:- Mean Score of Male & Female basketball players residing in high altitude of Uttrakhand in relation to their Aggression

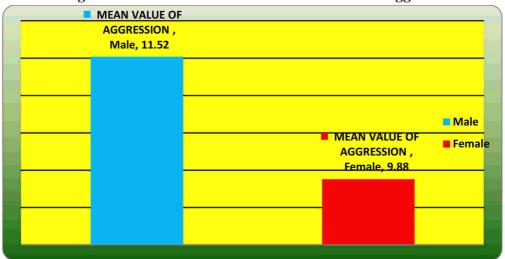


Table No.1.1:- Comparative Table of Difference between Male & Female basketball players residing in high altitude of Uttrakhand in relation to their Aggression

No. of groups	DEGREE OF FREEDOM	MEAN DIFFERENCE	t-value	p-value
2	98	1.6400	2.739*	0.00

*Significant at 0.05 level of significance

It is evident, from table no. 1.1 that, there is a significant difference, between Male & Female basketball players residing in high altitude of Uttrakhand in relation to their Aggression, as the calculated t-value = 2.739,

which is more than the p-value at 0.05 level of confidence for 98 degrees of freedom.

It is quite obvious; from the above findings that Male & Female basketball players residing in high altitude of Uttrakhand in relation to their Aggression differ, significantly. Hence, it can be inferred, that there is a significant difference, between Male & Female basketball players residing in high altitude of Uttrakhand in relation to their Aggression.

Discussions of Finding

In discussing the significant differences between male and female basketball players residing in high altitudes of Uttarakhand concerning their aggression, several key points can be explored as: Studies have shown that highaltitude environments can lead to changes in physiological parameters such as oxygen saturation, heart rate, and hormone levels. These changes can influence mood and behavior, including aggression. Research by Burtscher et al. (2006) demonstrated that acute exposure to high altitudes can increase levels of stress hormones such as cortisol, which are linked to aggressive behavior. There is existing literature on gender differences in aggression, with some studies suggesting that males tend to exhibit higher levels of physical aggression compared to females (Archer, 2004). This difference in aggression levels could interact with the physiological effects of high altitude, leading to varying manifestations of aggression between male and female basketball players. Highaltitude environments present unique stressors such as reduced oxygen availability, extreme weather conditions, and limited access to resources. These stressors can impact individuals' psychological states and may contribute to heightened aggression, as proposed by the General Aggression Model (Anderson & Bushman, 2002). Competitive sports like basketball often involve situations that can elicit aggressive behavior, such as intense physical contact, competition for points, and the pressure to perform. It's important to consider cultural and societal norms that may influence how aggression is expressed and perceived among male and female athletes in a specific region like Uttarakhand.

Other than numerous researches emphasizes the impact of cultural background on aggression, suggesting that cultural values and expectations can shape individuals' behavioral responses.

Conclusions

There is a Significant Difference Found between male and female basketball players residing in high altitudes of Uttarakhand concerning their aggression. By integrating findings from these areas of research, it becomes plausible to argue that there could indeed be a significant difference in aggression between male and female basketball players residing in high altitudes of Uttarakhand, given the interplay of physiological, psychological, and sociocultural factors.

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